

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE
NORTHEASTERN DIVISION

MICHAEL A. CHILTON)
v.) No. 2-06-0047
MICHAEL J. ASTRUE,)
Commissioner of Social Security)

TO: Honorable Thomas A. Wiseman, Jr., Senior District Judge

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

The plaintiff, represented by counsel, filed this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) to obtain judicial review of the final decision of the Commissioner of the Social Security Administration, denying the plaintiff's claims for Disability Insurance Benefits ("DIB") and Supplemental Security Income benefits ("SSI") as provided by the Social Security Act.

The plaintiff filed his complaint with this Court on May 25, 2006. The defendant filed the certified transcript (Docket Entry No. 7), and an answer (Docket Entry No. 6). The order entered August 11, 2006 (Docket Entry No. 8), provided that the plaintiff had 30 days to file a motion for judgment on the record. The plaintiff did not file a motion for judgment on the record or move to extend the deadline to do so. By order entered July 16, 2007 (Docket Entry No. 10), the defendant's motion for an order directing the plaintiff to show cause (Docket Entry No. 9) was granted. The July 16, 2007, order also provided that the plaintiff had two (2) weeks to move for an extension of time or to show cause why this case should not be dismissed for his failure to prosecute.

The plaintiff has not filed a motion for extension of time or made any attempt to show cause or otherwise explain why he has not filed a motion for judgment on the record.

Rule 16(f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure provides that:

[i]f a party or party's attorney fails to obey a scheduling . . . order . . . , the judge, upon motion or the judge's own initiative, may make such orders with regard thereto as are just, and among others any of the orders provided in Rule 37(b)(2)(B),(C),(D).

Pursuant to Rule 37(b)(2)(C), as assimilated into Rule 16(f), the Court may dismiss an action.

It is well-settled that federal trial courts have the inherent power to manage their own dockets. Link v. Wabash R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626, 82 S.Ct. 1386, 8 L.Ed.2d 734 (1961). In addition, Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure allows the Court to dismiss an action for the "failure to prosecute or to comply with these rules or any order of court." Pursuant to Rule 41(b), the Court may dismiss an action upon a showing of a clear record of delay, contumacious conduct, or failure to prosecute by the plaintiff. See Bishop v. Cross, 790 F.2d 38 (6th Cir. 1986); Patterson v. Township of Grand Blanc, 760 F.2d 686, 688 (6th Cir. 1985) (per curiam); Carter v. City of Memphis, Tennessee, 636 F.2d 159, 161 (6th Cir. 1980).

The plaintiff has had ample opportunity to prosecute this case. He was well aware of his obligation to file a motion for judgment on the record and, upon the plaintiff's failure to file such a motion after many months, the Court directed the plaintiff to show cause why the case should not be dismissed for failure to prosecute. In fact, the Court provided the plaintiff the additional opportunity to move for an extension of time, but the plaintiff failed to even seek additional time. The plaintiff was clearly put on notice by the defendant's motion for an order to show cause and by the Court's July 16, 2007, order that the case could be dismissed for his failure to prosecute if he took no further action. Despite such notice, the plaintiff has made no filings since his original complaint and has failed to communicate with the Court in any form or fashion.

RECOMMENDATION

Based on the foregoing, it is respectfully recommended that this action be dismissed for the plaintiff's failure to prosecute this case, pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and for his failure to comply with the orders entered August 11, 2006 (Docket Entry No. 8) and July 16, 2007 (Docket Entry No. 10), pursuant to Rules 16(f) and 37(b)(2)(C) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Any objections to this Report and Recommendation must be filed with the Clerk of Court within ten (10) days of receipt of this Report and Recommendation, and must state with particularity the specific portions of this Report and Recommendation to which objection is made. Failure to file written objections within the specified time can be deemed to be a waiver of the right to appeal the District Court's order. See Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 106 S.Ct. 466, 88 L.Ed.2d 435 (1985); United States v. Walters, 638 F.2d 947 (6th Cir. 1981).

Respectfully Submitted,



JULIET GRIFFIN
United States Magistrate Judge